

STORY OF BALFOUR'S TRIP TO CAPITAL

British Foreign Secretary Left England April 11 on Fast Cruiser.

This is the story of the journey of the Rt. Hon. Arthur J. Balfour, British foreign secretary, and his party, beginning with their arrival in Canada and ending with their being encoined in the home of Assistant Secretary of State Breckenridge Long in Sixteenth street.

Leaving England on a swift cruiser April 11, the members of the British mission arrived at Halifax last Friday after an uneventful voyage.

A special train was waiting for them in Halifax and they proceeded immediately to the little Canadian town of McAdam, at the northern end of the International bridge which Werner Horn, a German officer, once attempted to dynamite.

With a five-car special train the American reception committee, composed of Assistant Secretary Long, Rear Admiral Fletcher, and Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, was waiting at the American end of the bridge.

Boarded Train.

At Vancouber, Me., the foreign secretary and his party boarded the American train.

While the train sped on to Portland, the members of the American committee greeted the members of the mission and arranged for their comfort.

Owing to the fact that the train was not running on a definite schedule many stops were necessary as it traveled to Worcester and through other places in New England. News of the presence of the British foreign secretary and his party spread like wildfire all along the line, with the result that at scores of places flag-waving and cheering crowds gathered at railroad stations.

At each stop Mr. Balfour went to the rear of the observation car, removed his hat and bowed.

He made no speeches to the crowds, but to his associates and members of the American committee he quietly said: "It is all very impressive and very deeply moving and touching."

Talks About War.

During the journey Mr. Balfour conversed with Assistant Secretary Long on American participation in the war, and expressed the belief that America's co-operation would hasten the world, particularly Germany.

Immediately after the announcement was made by the State Department that the foreign secretary and other members of the mission would reach Union Station at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, men and women representing all walks of life flocked to the railroad terminal to get a glimpse of the distinguished men and pay their respects.

Train Comes In.

Promptly at 3 o'clock there came a shrill shriek from an engine whistle, accompanied by the tolling of a bell. A hush enveloped the crowd, now lined seven or eight deep in the station, filling the windows, standing on seats, and in every other vantage point imaginable.

Escorted by Secretary of State Lansing, Counselor of State, and members of the American committee which accompanied them from the Canadian border, the visitors slowly emerged from the trainshed.

As the crowd got its first glimpse of the white-haired dean of British statesmen, a mighty cheer rent the air. Mr. Balfour bowed and smiled gravely.

Slowly Mr. Balfour, accompanied by gold-braided army officers, walked before the crowd. His face was calm, unmoved by the clamor.

Passing through the President's room, the British statesman and his party entered waiting automobiles on the east plaza.

The chauffeur speeded up his car and the cavalry escort dashed along, notwithstanding the speed at which the trip from the station to the Sixteenth street house was made, many pedestrians along the streets recognized Mr. Balfour and Secretary Lansing and cheered.

It may have been the surroundings, or it might have been the spirit of "our allies." At any rate, women dabbed their eyes and men cheered themselves hoarse as the British ambassador and his party entered the Breckenridge Long mansion.

Many precautions.

There were precautions taken to guard the house that seemed to the uninitiated too elaborate. But the soldiers and police on duty there proved none too many fifteen minutes before the arrival of the little procession which escorted Mr. Balfour from Union Station.

By 2:30 o'clock a crowd which increased each minute, lined the sidewalks in front of the residence, and automobiles were passing up and down the street, at second intervals.

In three tents, pitched to the south of the mansion, was camped a detachment of soldiers, with Lieutenant Wyland in command. The men were from the First Regiment of Engineers, stationed at Fort Washington. They will maintain their guard during Mr. Balfour's stay.

Captain Williams, from the Fourth precinct, himself a native of England, assisted by a squad of policemen. At 2:30 o'clock the policemen who were stationed at short intervals surrounding the building were re-enforced by the soldiers, with loaded guns.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Forecast for the District of Columbia—Probably showers this afternoon or tonight; cooler tonight; Tuesday fair and cooler; moderate variable winds.

Temperatures.

8 a. m. 58
9 a. m. 66
10 a. m. 72
11 a. m. 76
12 noon 76
1 p. m. 78

Average temperature for this date for the last 33 years—56.

Tide Table.

High tides: 9:14 a. m., height 2.2
9:46 p. m., height 2.5
Low tides: 3:21 a. m., height 0.3
3:52 p. m., height 0.5

Sun and Moon Table.

Sun rose 5:20 a. m.
Sun sets 6:52 p. m.
Moon rises 6:17 p. m.
Moon sets 9:38 a. m.

Light automobile lamps 7:28 p. m.

Balfour an Outdoor Man With Face of a Scholar

British High Commissioner's Chief Characteristic is Determination, Offset by Geniality, Kindliness, and Quiet Sense of Humor.

Taller than any other man in his party, his broad shoulders held well back, his carriage erect, Arthur James Balfour, British high commissioner to the United States and some time premier of his native land, suggests above everything the incarnation of determined, implacable purpose.

The British statesman on his appearance in Washington was clad in frock coat, high hat and gray trousers—just such attire as British statesmen have worn almost since trousers first came into fashion. His shoes were square-toed and of soft leather—shoes of a man who walks much and walks comfortably.

His face, florid and framed by snowy-white side-whiskers and white hair, is the face of a scholar and dreamer. Only the set of the jaw suggests the power of the swift and resolute action which he has shown to be a marked quality of his personality. The British statesman's forehead is broad and high. His eyes, protruding slightly, have an appearance of near-sightedness, which perpetually suggests he is on the point of asking a question.

Standing beside Secretary of State Lansing, the British commissioner is a full six feet higher, and the Secretary of State is of more than medium height.

An Out-of-Door Man. A glance at Balfour shows him to be a man of the out-of-door. His face is reddened by exposure to wind and sun. And his long, swinging walk indicates years of tramping over the moor. It is the gait of the long-practiced pedestrian.

Among the books which reach the statesman, and which he enjoys, are the "Penny dreadful"—the English equivalent of the "Nick Carter" and "Old Sleuth" type of literature. Balfour is an omnivorous reader, digesting alike philosophy, history, essay, and drama—but his relaxation is found in the terrific exploits narrated in the lurid type of fiction. In this respect he resembles President Wilson.

Balfour is fifty-nine years old and has never married. A vow which he took at the death of his sweet heart, Mary Lytton, he has kept true to his memory. He has kept his single life. But, though the British commissioner has no children of his own, his love of children is one of his pronounced characteristics.

A little incident at the Union Station yesterday illustrates this. When the English statesman reached the Presidential exit of the Union Station, a small, shrinking form attracted his attention. Six-year-old Duval Lemon, son of the surgeon attached to the Union Station, had stepped inside the "dead line" not six feet from the path of the party.

Very Close to Tears.

Terrified by the magnitude of the approaching entourage, bewildered by the vast, uproarious noise echoing through the cavernous station, the youngster squirmed against the wall, twisting his tiny sailor blouse with small, nervous hands. He blushed, and was very close to tears.

As the right honorable commissioner passed, he turned his head, nodded and smiled. That smile had in it the gentleness which a grown man feels for a child, small, weak, and afraid. It helped Duval to recover himself. He straightened up, then ran back to his father with the confidential information that "HE spoke to me." Such was the effect of the friendly glance.

Balfour seemed astounded by the enthusiasm which his arrival in Washington had aroused. As he entered the station plaza, he kept glancing left and right, as though to make certain that in this throng he had none but admirers.

The only other occasion on his trip to the Breckenridge Long mansion, when the British commissioner, aroused from his air of mild, calm inquiry was when he passed the home of the French ambassador, J. J. Jusserand. The French ambassador asked that no attacks were on the upper portion. As the procession passed, Mr. Jusserand waved his hand while the attack applauded.

Balfour removed his high hat, and again a rare, delightful smile overspread his countenance.

In Rock Creek Park.

Scarcely had the distinguished visitor had time to remove the stains of travel before he became a man, rather than the statesman, and decided to take a walk all by himself.

Recognized by the crowds swarming the vicinity, the distinguished Britisher walked out the front door, stepped into a big touring car with a Secret Service man and a Scotland yard inspector, who had dogged his footsteps since he left the shores of England, and was driven rapidly up Sixteenth street to Rock Creek park, his car turning into the woods at Bladen avenue.

Mr. Balfour smiled at the throng as he left the MacVeagh house and slapped the American Secret Service man—Miles McCahill—on the back and seemed to jest with him about the simple manner in which the crowd had been eluded.

After the automobile had penetrated the wooded park, less than half a mile, it stopped and the tall white-haired statesman alighted. He took off his hat, threw it into the car and then stalked off through the trees and scrubby.

The two body guards followed about fifty paces behind the former premier, but he appeared unconscious of their presence. His attitude was that of one free and untrammelled by formalities.

Sets a Brisk Pace.

At first the great Britisher was content merely to stroll, stopping frequently as if to enjoy more thoroughly the pure air and the wealth of nature's beauties on every side. Occasionally he bent to pick a violet or wild flower or examine some specimen of flowering bush along the path.

But when he got down to the business of walking, he walked. He swerved from the beaten path into the underbrush, and set a brisk pace for the immaculate guards, who were attired for the niceties of social functions.

The American was reminded of the days when the redoubtable Roosevelt

led the Secret Service men on long tramping through the park, even through the creek in winter time, while the English detective must have had emotions of a positive sort.

For nearly an hour the towering statesman, his sliver locks swept back, and, toward the end of the journey with his coat thrown over his arm, wended his way through the woods more or less rapidly, beating the undergrowth with his walking stick and seeming to take a keen interest in everything.

Once he reached an elevation that spread before him a panorama of scenery that held him enthralled for several minutes. He threw back his shoulders, breathed deeply, and seemed to feel an ecstasy of delight.

It was with some reluctance, manifested by his hesitating step, that he stroled back toward the waiting automobile as twilight tints suffused the expanse of leading tree-tops of the National Capital's prettiest nature spot.

The trip back to the temporary home of the British dignitaries was without incident, and Mr. Balfour entered the front door as he came—unrecognized by the curious crowd.

Of Scottish Stock.

A son of James Maitland Balfour and Lady Blanche Mary Harriet, sister of Lord Salisbury, Balfour was born July 25, 1848. His family is a branch of a royal Scottish clan, owners of Balfour castle near Fife.

As a lad at Eton his slender, awkward form and pallid, scholarly face won for him the nickname of "Miss Nancy." He was Lord Lansdowne's favorite, and, according to tales of him, preferred the quiet of the library to the soccer or cricket field.

Lord Lansdowne was the first to predict for the tall, ungainly youngster, the career of a "second Disraeli."

He came into prominence after a not remarkable early career in the House of Commons, when he was selected as chief secretary for Ireland. His predecessor had been slain and the Irish were in rebellion. Balfour showed in one year—1884—qualities which none of his friends suspected he, the quiet scholar, possessed.

Sternly, methodically, and without fear, he never suggested a single word of the rebellion. The bankman's nose played a part in this and the prisons were full to overflowing. The rebellion was crushed.

His Attitude Impassional.

There are many today to whom Balfour is and will always be "Bloody" Balfour because of those Fenians who were slain. So bitter did the feeling become that for a while the chief secretary of Ireland did not walk abroad unless accompanied by three or more detectives, all famous marksmen and of more than ordinary physical strength.

Throughout his Irish administration he preserved the quality which seems dominant in him—cool, indomitable courage. In his actions there was never a suggestion of a grain of personal resentment. One brilliant member of the Irish Opposition once said of him:

"Balfour can call a man a fool and a knave in the most purely impersonal way of any man alive today."

Subsequently the present British commissioner rose to the highest office in England, that of premier of his majesty's government, and today he holds the post of secretary of state for foreign affairs.

This tall, quiet Englishman has two recreations—golf and bicycling. In recent years he has given up the bicycle in favor of the clubs, but when the bicycling fad was at its height he was among the leaders of this form of sport and was elected to the presidency of the Cycling Club of England.

He has a quiet sense of humor and an appreciation of the absurdities of life. A statesman once found him engrossed in Lewis Carroll's "Alice in Wonderland" and expressed surprise that so keen a mind should find enjoyment in such nonsense.

"On the contrary," replied Balfour, "I find it a distinct relief after listening to parliamentary speeches."

When He Dismounts.

When the statesman was learning to ride a bicycle, he steered his vehicle into a flower bed and fell off just as two women were passing. A fellow bicyclist rode up to him and opened a satire fire of commentary.

"But," protested Balfour, "that was intentional. I always dismount in the presence of ladies."

Balfour's ideal life was described by himself some years ago to a friend, who asked him what he considered the perfect existence.

"To live in the country," he replied, "play a lot of golf, read much, think more and write little—that is the ideal life."

In these times his country needs him. It is doubtful whether Balfour will ever have the opportunity to live his ideal of existence.

SOLDIERS GUARD MANSION

Regulars Pitch Tents at House Occupied by Balfour Party.

Armed and under orders to be on the alert for suspicious persons, a platoon of United States soldiers is guarding the Breckenridge Long mansion, Sixteenth street and Columbia road, where Foreign Secretary Balfour and his members of his party are staying.

The soldiers have established a camp on the lawn which adjoins the former home of Secretary of the Treasury Franklin MacVeagh. The tents of the soldiers face toward the Long mansion and at all hours of the day and night during the distinguished visitor's stay here sentries will keep a close watch on the house.

The soldiers are not wearing dress uniforms but are attired in service garb, with rifles on their shoulders and automatic pistols at their sides. Their cartridge belts are well filled. They have their orders and they know what to do in any emergency. The soldiers have been specifically instructed to keep everybody away from the Long mansion unless he or she be a member of the visiting party or household. No loitering will be allowed.

NOTES OF INTEREST ON BALFOUR PARTY

A tall, ramrod-straight man with a close cropped mustache and a walk that somehow made one think of the trenches, strode to the desk in the Shoreham Hotel yesterday.

"Where is my room?" he asked, and a distant English voice was perfectly modulated, but expressive of a shade of worry.

"What name, please?" the clerk requested.

"Brust—I'm with the mission, you know."

The clerk scanned the slip on which the mission was registered, and then looked up apologetically.

"Sorry, sir," he said, "but no arrangements have been made for you. But we'll see. Won't you just wait a moment, please?"

And thus became known one of the secrets of the mission, and the story of the one hitch in otherwise perfect arrangements.

Guarded by Hald Brust is his name—when at home in his native London is Sergeant Brust of Scotland Yard.

It was his belief that he was to stay at the Shoreham, as a secret guard for the party there—but through some inadvertence, no reservation had been made for him.

While Sergeant Brust was waiting, another Englishman entered the hotel—a prelate, evidently, rather stout, immaculately attired in long, black clerical coat, high fitting black vest, and high round collar.

But he wasn't a prelate. Instead, he is no less a person than Inspector Donnell, also of Scotland Yard, and in charge of the British secret service men in England.

According to Assistant Chief Moran, of the United States Secret Service, who joined Inspector Donnell a few minutes later, the latter was "very much chagrined" over the discovery of his identity.

Plot to Wreck Bridge?

Rumors were heard in Washington today that a report reached the Balfour party that an attempt had been made to blow up the bridge over the river near Boston, but that it was forestalled before the train would have passed had it gone that way. This rumor was not officially confirmed.

No Cheer From Embassy.

There is at least one house in Washington in which Balfour and his party yesterday from which no cheers and applause could be heard. Whirling along amid the tumult, there was a dramatic moment when midway in the drive to the Long mansion the procession passed the former residence of Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador.

The old German embassy building was locked and barred and the curtains were drawn. Not even a caretaker was in sight. A lone policeman stood guard on the lawn. Balfour shot a passing glance at the building as it was pointed out to him.

Both "Did Their Bit."

They are soldiers, who have "done their bit" and been invalided home. Their clothes proclaimed them. They wore rough suits of dark material, army flannel shirts, and hostlers, and "trench" shoes—broad-toed, thick-soled boots—studied with steel hob-nails.

Manager Collins, of the Shoreham, was waiting for his guests. For more than an hour previously, because of their coming, he had been forced to tell a stream of would-be patrons that there wasn't an available room in the house, and he was standing at the door to greet the Britishers when their machines drove up.

As they alighted he gave a signal to some one inside, and a huge British flag was flung out immediately over the doorway.

But though the management, and the Secret Service men, lounging about, apparently so aimlessly, recognized the visitors, the crowd which had formed on the sidewalk on both sides of the entrance, did not.

The latter had expected a small cavalcade in top hats, and long-tailed coats, and tight-fitting breeches. This little crowd in tweeds, golf caps, and broad-toed shoes, upset all their calculations. The commission members had quit their machines, entered the hotel and gone to their rooms before the spectators realized what had happened.

A number of the more curious rushed into the hotel lobby for another glimpse. They were too late. The rooms had already been prepared, and the visitors went to their rooms without the formality of registering. The names of the party were sent down later.

Most of the party is quartered in rooms, next to each other, on the fifth floor. The rest are on the floor beneath.

Thought It "Quite Right."

They had asked for rooms for all together, but Manager Collins explained that this could not be done without discommodating patrons who live in the hotel. "We shall be only too glad to do so. We shall be only too glad to answer any question we can, and to give any suggestions that are desired. But we shall volunteer no advice. We don't want to put our heads into anything. We feel that the United States should be allowed to conduct its war in whatever way it, itself, thinks best."

"We are anxious to help, but we do not wish to force ourselves and our advice, on your Government."

"Would you advise the sending of American troops across?" he was asked.

"We will have an answer to that question if it is asked," he replied. "If it is not asked, we shall be silent. We have a very keen realization of the needs of the war, but as I said, we shall be very careful. We have no wish to butt our heads into your affairs, without being asked to."

Mr. Butler related many little details of the trip across, which may not be printed, for fear they might reach eyes for which they were not intended. He was in the midst of one of these descriptions when a newspaper correspondent attempted to surprise him with a very cagey question.

"When was it?" he asked, "that you thought you sighted that submarine?" Butler turned and smiled.

"After a cocktail," he said.

Major Rees' Feet.

Yet this same Major Rees recently fought, single-handed, with ten German aeroplanes, several thousand feet in the air, and directly over the British trenches; shot down four of them, and chased the other six back

to their own lines. Early in the battle he himself was wounded in the knee—he still walks with a bad limp—but he kept right on fighting.

And after he had chased the last "Boche" off, he flew calmly back to his own camp, and asked for treatment for "a bit of a scratch." He said never a word about his fight.

Men in the trenches had seen the battle, however, and they did say something about it. The result was that Major Rees, then a captain, was promoted, and given that most coveted of all British decorations, the Victoria Cross. He had already won the military cross several months previously.

But this hero blushed like a school girl when asked about his battle last night.

"I—I was very lucky, that was all," he said. "I was wounded early in the scrimmage. I had been lucky enough to shoot one of the Germans down, when I saw another coming toward me, head on. I had about to conclude that it was all up with me, when I noticed he was flashing a red light—meaning, 'I am seriously attacked; come at once.'"

"I thought if that was the way he felt about it, I might help him on. So I was lucky again, and managed to get him. When he went down two other Germans planned coming up, turned and flew back to their own lines. I dropped down about 200 feet, dodged about, and finally was lucky enough to get a couple more."

"That's All There Was."

"Then the others flew off and I went home—that's all there was to it."

The reporter suggested that it was enough, and Major Rees blushed again.

Geoffrey Butler, master diplomat, here in the capacity of a sort of general factotum, is another essentially interesting member of the mission, which, by the way, is officially known in England as the "British Mission to the United States of America."

It was Butler who told the story of the trip over, and described little intimate details about the personalities of his fellow members.

"We left England very openly, apparently," he said. "We were on one of our fastest ships."

"Then, for twenty-four hours we dodged up and down the coast to fool the Germans. A dense fog came, and under its cover we put into a very small port. That night, when it was quite dark, we really started. We were accompanied out of the harbor by a few destroyers—but once outside they left us, and we made our way on 'our own'."

"We didn't have the ship entirely to ourselves. There were a great many Canadian women and children on board, going home."

Ship Dodged About.

"Of course there was a great deal of strain all the way across—and we dodged about quite a bit. But the trip was entirely uneventful. We landed at our port in Canada—I'd rather not tell its name, because we have to get back, you know—absolutely without adventure. We had a very quiet trip."

"Mr. Balfour probably was an unconcerned over the 'sub' menace as any one in the party. He spent almost the entire trip reading philosophy and 'penny-shockers' (which, translated, no one, an Americanism, would be 'dime novels')."

"Mr. Balfour, you know, is passionately fond of 'penny-shockers.' He can literally bury himself in one."

"I tried one myself on the way over. Got it from one of the sailors. I think it was called 'The Man With the Missing Toe, or the Bloody Impression on the Stairs.' I told Mr. Balfour about it that evening. He was interested at once."

"I wrote it," he asked.

"I thought he really didn't notice, and he shook his head sadly."

"That's it," he said. "We seldom do. So ungrateful! So ungrateful!"

According to Mr. Butler, the visit of the mission is primarily complimentary to the British.

"We in England have felt that we ought to pay our respects to this country in person," he said.

Glad to Help.

"If, during our visit, there is any possible way we can help America with our experience, we shall be only too glad to do so. We shall be only too glad to answer any question we can, and to give any suggestions that are desired. But we shall volunteer no advice. We don't want to put our heads into anything. We feel that the United States should be allowed to conduct its war in whatever way it, itself, thinks best."

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